



APPLICATION AND CONNECTION DATA FOR BUCK-BOOST TRANSFORMERS

DESCRIPTION

General Electric B-B transformers are insulated units rated 120/240 volts high voltage and 12/24 and 16/32 volts low voltage.

loads greatly in excess of the rating shown on the nameplate. Because autotransformers may transmit line disturbances directly to the load, their use in some areas may be prohibited by local codes.

NOTE

BE SURE THAT AUTOTRANSFORMERS ARE PERMISSIBLE IN YOUR LOCALE.

SELECTION TABLES

APPLICATION

Efficient operation of electrical equipment requires that line voltage be at or near the nameplate rating of the equipment.

Do not use buck-boost transformers to solve a fluctuating voltage problem. They should be used to compensate for high or low voltage conditions only when the available line voltage is reasonably constant.

5-STEP SELECTION

Buck-Boost applications are quick and easy to solve when you follow these easy steps.

FOR BOOSTING UP AVAILABLE VOLTAGES:

- 1. Select the table having the same output voltage as the voltage required for the equipment you want to operate. Example: 230 volt, single phase air conditioner - Table 1.
2. Select the available line voltage column located in that table.
3. Select the proper kva required by your equipment then read down the available line voltage column until you find it.
4. Select the GE model number. Read directly left across the model number column.
5. Select the correct connection diagram for your customer.

FOR BUCKING DOWN AVAILABLE VOLTAGES:

Since buck-boost transformers can be used in reverse, so can the quick-selection tables. Simply use the "available line voltage" column for your desired output voltage and select the proper table by your available line voltage.

EXAMPLE: 5-Step Selection

Table 1 - 230 Volts Output, 60 Hz Single Phase

Table 1 data grid showing Model Number, Available Line Voltage, and Load KVA for 230V output.

Table 1 - 230 Volts Output, 60 Hertz Single Phase

Table 1 data grid (repeated) showing Model Number, Available Line Voltage, and Load KVA for 230V output.

Table 3 - 115 Volts Output, 60 Hertz Single Phase

Table 3 data grid showing Model Number, Available Line Voltage, and Load KVA for 115V output.

Table 2 - 240 Volts Output, 60 Hertz Single Phase

Table 2 data grid showing Model Number, Available Line Voltage, and Load KVA for 240V output.

Table 4 - 120 Volts Output, 60 Hertz Single Phase

Table 4 data grid showing Model Number, Available Line Voltage, and Load KVA for 120V output.

\* Load kva is the maximum load at voltages shown when transformers are connected as autotransformers, according to the diagram referenced and shown on back page.

\*\* When 208 is the available line voltage, use the 212 voltage column. This will result in output voltage of 236 volts, which should be sufficient for most applications.

\* Load kva is the maximum load at voltages shown when transformers are connected as autotransformers, according to the diagram referenced and shown on back page.

† Warning - 3 phase autotransformers should never be used to obtain 4 wire output with 3 wire input.

